There is an ATM machine that stores banknotes of 5 denominations: 20, 50, 100, 200, and 500 dollars. Initially the ATM is empty. The user can use the machine to deposit or withdraw any amount of money.

When withdrawing, the machine prioritizes using banknotes of **larger** values.

* For example, if you want to withdraw $300 and there are 2 $50 banknotes, 1 $100 banknote, and 1 $200 banknote, then the machine will use the $100 and $200 banknotes.
* However, if you try to withdraw $600 and there are 3 $200 banknotes and 1 $500 banknote, then the withdraw request will be rejected because the machine will first try to use the $500 banknote and then be unable to use banknotes to complete the remaining $100. Note that the machine is **not** allowed to use the $200 banknotes instead of the $500 banknote.

Implement the ATM class:

* ATM() Initializes the ATM object.
* void deposit(int[] banknotesCount) Deposits new banknotes in the order $20, $50, $100, $200, and $500.
* int[] withdraw(int amount) Returns an array of length 5 of the number of banknotes that will be handed to the user in the order $20, $50, $100, $200, and $500, and update the number of banknotes in the ATM after withdrawing. Returns [-1] if it is not possible (do **not** withdraw any banknotes in this case).

**Example 1:**

**Input**

["ATM", "deposit", "withdraw", "deposit", "withdraw", "withdraw"]

[[], [[0,0,1,2,1]], [600], [[0,1,0,1,1]], [600], [550]]

**Output**

[null, null, [0,0,1,0,1], null, [-1], [0,1,0,0,1]]

**Explanation**

ATM atm = new ATM();

atm.deposit([0,0,1,2,1]); // Deposits 1 $100 banknote, 2 $200 banknotes,

// and 1 $500 banknote.

atm.withdraw(600); // Returns [0,0,1,0,1]. The machine uses 1 $100 banknote

// and 1 $500 banknote. The banknotes left over in the

// machine are [0,0,0,2,0].

atm.deposit([0,1,0,1,1]); // Deposits 1 $50, $200, and $500 banknote.

// The banknotes in the machine are now [0,1,0,3,1].

atm.withdraw(600); // Returns [-1]. The machine will try to use a $500 banknote

// and then be unable to complete the remaining $100,

// so the withdraw request will be rejected.

// Since the request is rejected, the number of banknotes

// in the machine is not modified.

atm.withdraw(550); // Returns [0,1,0,0,1]. The machine uses 1 $50 banknote

// and 1 $500 banknote.

**Constraints:**

* banknotesCount.length == 5
* 0 <= banknotesCount[i] <= 109
* 1 <= amount <= 109
* At most 5000 calls **in total** will be made to withdraw and deposit.
* At least **one** call will be made to each function withdraw and deposit.